

# THE BENNINGTON EVENING BANNER

THIRTEENTH YEAR—NO. 3832

BENNINGTON, VT. TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1916.

PRICE ONE CENT

Some People Who Claim to Come From a Good Family Would Have Hard Work to Prove it if Their Ancestors Were not all Dead

## BRITISH NOW HOLD CONTALMAISON. SAYS GEN. HAIG

Village Center of Vigorous Fighting in Present Offensive

## FRENCH PRESS ON TO PERONNE

Paris Claims 22 Villages Held by Germans Have Been Taken in Ten Days.

London, July 11.—The British have captured the village of Contalmaison, northwest of Albert, which has been the center of vigorous fighting since the present offensive began ten days ago. Gen. Haig, announcing the capture of Contalmaison, stated that 139 German prisoners were taken.

Paris, July 11.—Twenty-two villages have been captured by the Anglo-French since the latest drive of the allied armies in the Somme section began a little over a week ago today. Peronne, which has been the objective point of the allied armies, is now almost in the grasp of Gen. Foch's troops.

London, July 10.—On both eastern and western fronts heavy fighting persists. This is especially the case on the western front, where the struggle is not without fluctuations of fortune, and brings to mind the warnings of the correspondents from the opening of the Somme battle that steady, methodical pressure, rather than rapid advances, must be expected.

In a brilliant attack the French have carried Hill 97, a height which dominates the Somme southeast of Blaches, according to the official statement issued by the French War Office tonight. The British official statement tonight says that the Germans have entered Trones Wood, but records further progress for the British east of Ovillers and La Boisselle, in addition to a footing secured by the British in the Mametz Wood, where heretofore the Germans had resisted all their efforts.

The German official communication admits French possession of Blaches, only a short distance from Peronne, which town is thus seriously exposed and threatened. It claims, however, the recapture of Trones Wood as well as Barleux, where the French also report progress.

German war correspondents are already saying that the allied offensive has been brought to a standstill.

## U. S. SENATE AIDS FIGHT

Passes Resolution Giving Use of Ellis Island to City.

Washington, July 10.—The Senate today passed the resolution turning over to the municipal authorities in New York the use of the hospital and inspection facilities of Ellis Island to check the spread of infantile paralysis.

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## VILLA WILL DRIVE AMERICANS OUT OF MEXICO

Bandit Chief Waiting Until He Can Ride a Horse

## NOW WALKS WITH CRUTCHES

Carranza Newspaper Admits Daring Raider Is Alive and To Be Reckoned With.

El Paso, Texas, July 10.—Villa is coming north as soon as he is able to sit in a saddle, and he is determined to fight the Americans, according to a proclamation which was brought to the border tonight by Ignacio Bonillas, a relative of Manuel Bonillas, Villa's purchasing agent.

The manifesto was issued at Villa's camp on the Rio Florido, in the State of Durango, where he is believed to have been in hiding. It was dated June 15, and was circulated prior to the taking of Jimenez by Calisto Contreras, Villa's principal commander. The brief statement bears Villa's signature, Bonillas asserts, and says Villa is not making war on the Carranza forces, but would attack the Pershing column at its weakest point, and would gather sufficient troops around him to drive the Americans out of Mexico.

The Mexican also brought a copy of El Democrata, the Carranza publication issued in Chihuahua, in which it was admitted for the first time by the Carranza officials that Villa was alive, and that he participated in the looting of Jimenez following its capture from the scattered troops of General Ignacio Ramos after General Ramos was killed.

The paper, a translation of which was given to General Bell today, states that Villa rode into Jimenez, participated in the looting and sitting in his carriage, ordered the Villistas to destroy everything belonging to Mrs. Sarah Towles, the American who was forced to flee to the border for her life. A crude crutch was seen beside Villa in the coach, the story in El Democrata stated.

## NO WORD OF KIPLING'S SON

Bare Possibility That Young Man May Be a Prisoner.

Brattleboro, July 11.—Relatives of Rudyard Kipling here have no recent information concerning the fate of young Kipling since his disappearance on the battle field in northern France many months ago. It was learned yesterday. All efforts to locate him have so far failed. There is a bare possibility that he is held as a prisoner of war, though a part of his equipment was discovered on the battlefield by men of his military number.

## FINE BLAKE \$100.

Night Line of His House Boat Was 150 Feet Long.

Middlebury, July 10.—County Fish and Game Warden George Chaffee of Middlebury and Warden Floyd Tatro of Addison, searched a houseboat on Lake Champlain belonging to Alexander Blake Saturday and found a night line 150 feet long, which is against the law. They arrested Mr. Blake and took him before Justice of Peace Millard Barnes, who fined him \$100 and costs, which he arranged to settle.

## NO REASON FOR IT

When Bennington Citizens Show a Way.

There can be no reason why any reader of this who suffers the tortures of an aching back, the annoyance of urinary disorders, the pangs and dangers of kidney ills will fail to heed the words of a neighbor who has found relief. Read what a Bennington citizen says:

Mrs. Celia Lamoureux, 222 Division St., Bennington, says: "For four years, I was so bad from kidney complaint that I could hardly do my housework. I had a terrible backache and headaches and sometimes became so dizzy that I was nearly blinded. The kidney secretions were unnatural and caused annoyance. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills recommended for such troubles, I went to Cole's Drug Store and got a box. They were just what was needed. The backache that had clung to me so long left and I felt better and stronger. After taking two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, all symptoms of the trouble were removed."

The above statement was given December 19, 1905 and after OVER FIVE YEARS LATER, Mrs. Lamoureux said: "Time only increases my confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills. I still use them occasionally, but never have any serious kidney trouble, for they keep me free from it."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Lamoureux has twice publicly recommended. Foster-McIlburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

## HAD SHORT TROUT

Lloyd Long, Rural Mail Carrier in Warren, Fined \$39.55.

Middlebury, July 10.—Lloyd Long of Warren, a rural mail carrier, arrested by County Fish and Game Warden George Chaffee of this village, and Warden H. Murray on a charge of having short trout in his possession, was taken before Justice of the Peace George Sargent, who fined him \$35 and costs, amounting to \$39.55, which he arranged to pay.

## INVESTIGATE BOY'S DEATH

Three-Year Old from Brooklyn Died in North Adams

North Adams, July 11.—Some of the circumstances surrounding the death of Raymond Sosulski, three years of age, which occurred at the home of Anthony Maxymilian on Mill street Saturday morning, led to an investigation of the matter by the board of health and Dr. Stanley H. Osborn, state health officer for the Berkshire district, yesterday afternoon. The Sosulski child had been recently arrived in North Adams from Brooklyn, N. Y., and was ill only a short time when he died. The cause of death was given as gastro-enteritis, and it was supposed to be superinduced by eating green apples and hologna. The body was taken to Brooklyn for burial Saturday, and no autopsy was possible.

Some of the symptoms are said to point strongly to infantile paralysis. A number of people arrived in North Adams from Brooklyn and New York Saturday, and they will be kept under close surveillance for some time. The health board quarantined the home of Maxymilian, where the Sosulski child died, and will restrain those who recently arrived from cities where the disease has been prevalent, until it is certain that they are not capable of spreading the scourge.

## BIG LEAGUE BASEBALL

### American League

Chicago 4, Boston 0 (first game).  
Chicago 3, Boston 9 (second game).  
Cleveland-New York, wet grounds (first game).  
Cleveland 3, New York 2 (second game).  
Detroit-Washington, rain.  
St. Louis-Philadelphia, double-header, rain.

### Standing of the Clubs

Club	Won	Lost	P.C.
New York	42	29	.587
Cleveland	42	31	.575
Chicago	40	32	.556
Boston	39	34	.534
Washington	38	34	.528
Detroit	38	36	.513
St. Louis	31	42	.425
Philadelphia	27	50	.254

### National League

Boston 4, Chicago 0.  
Pittsburgh 6, Brooklyn 3.  
Philadelphia 5, St. Louis 2.

### Standing of the Clubs

Club	Won	Lost	P.C.
Brooklyn	42	27	.609
Philadelphia	38	30	.559
Boston	36	29	.554
Chicago	36	39	.486
New York	32	35	.477
Pittsburgh	33	37	.471
St. Louis	34	42	.448
Cincinnati	31	43	.419

## ROOSEVELT ENDORSED

The Battle Cry of Peace—Be Sure To See It.

For a brief engagement of only three days, beginning next Thursday, there will come to the Opera house, the most marvelous film spectacle that has ever been shown in this country, "The Battle Cry of Peace" or "The Invasion of America." It deals with a subject that has raised to the pinnacle of interest in the minds of all patriotic Americans through agitation that has for its champion the chief executive of the country, President Wilson, namely "Preparedness." It takes the affirmative side of the question, and handles it as no other medium could, for there is an utter absence of any evidence that it is propaganda in any form. There is a well connected story running throughout the entire feature, a story of engineering, appeal, which in the chain of events inspires and elevates until at the very end the top of centriment is reached.

Only one matinee will be given and that will be at 2 p. m. next Saturday. Evening performances start each evening at 8 o'clock. All seats reserved and now on sale.

## SEARCHLIGHT SEEN 200 MILES

Remarkable Claim for New Lantern Constructed for Navy.

Schenectady, N. Y., July 10.—The most powerful searchlight in the world with a five-foot mirror, the beams of which are said to be visible at more than 200 miles, has just been completed at the General Electric plant here for the United States navy. Several others are in course of construction.

## WEATHER FORECAST

For eastern New York and western Vermont, fair tonight and Wednesday.

## CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE—Thrifty celery plants, White Plume, Paris Golden Yellow, 35 cents per hundred, \$3 per thousand. Tel. 155-5. Florence E. Lyons. 3116

WANTED—Hand ironers at once at girls in flat work department of Bennington Sanitary laundry. 3215

## SUPER-SUBMARINE EASILY ELUDED ENEMY SHIPS

Craft Traveled on Surface During Entire Trip

## LANDING \$1,000,000 CARGO

Capt. Koenig Says Another Mercantile Submersible Will Arrive in About Eight Weeks.

Baltimore, July 11.—The daring German seamen who brought the submarine merchantman Deutschland across the Atlantic slept quietly last night, aboard their vessel, which lay moored to a carefully screened pier, guarded by a strong squad of Baltimore police. Capt. Paul Koenig, the skipper, had delivered his papers to the North German Lloyd office, entered his vessel at the custom-house as a commerce carrier, and had presented to a German embassy official a packet of correspondence for Count von Bernstorff.

Now the submarine is ready to discharge her \$1,000,000 cargo of dyestuffs and take on board for the return trip to Germany metal and rubber needed by the emperor's armies and navy. The return merchandise is waiting on the wharf and the time of leaving port will depend largely upon plans for eluding vigilant enemy cruisers expected to be waiting outside the entrance of Chesapeake bay for the reappearance of the vessel. One of Capt. Koenig's first acts after he moved his ship up the harbor from quarantine early yesterday was to announce that the Deutschland was but one of a fleet of mammoth submersibles built or building for a regular transatlantic freight and mail service. He said the next to come would be the Bremen and that she might be looked for at some port along the coast within eight weeks.

Anxious to establish promptly his peaceful character and to forestall investigation sought by diplomatic representatives of the allied powers, the German captain submitted his craft to a thorough inspection by the surveyor of the port and an agent of the department of justice. These officers, as well as the customs inspectors and quarantine surgeons, agreed that there was no sign of armament of any description on board and that there was no doubt in their minds about the boat being entitled to the status of an ordinary merchantman.

Later, at the office of the North German Lloyd, he issued a typewritten statement telling of the coming of other boats like the Deutschland, and asserting that his voyage had broken the British control of the seas. At the same time he submitted to an interview in which he described his 3800 miles cruise from Helgoland to Chesapeake bay. He denied reports that he had been chased off his course by enemy warships, declaring that so far as he knew there was not any allied warcraft in the Atlantic. The Captain asserted further that his voyage had established the fact that a submarine of the type of the Deutschland could travel anywhere that the ordinary vessel could go, 13,000 miles if necessary. He had no fears, he stated, of his ability to elude enemies that might be waiting for him off the Virginia capes when he starts his return trip. "I will be able to submerge within the three-mile limit, and they cannot catch me after that," he said.

During nearly the entire voyage to America, said Capt. Koenig, the Deutschland traveled on the surface. Once she submerged for 10 hours, and lay during that time on the bottom of the English channel to escape British destroyers. Capt. Koenig piloted his vessel out of Bremen on June 14. He went directly to Helgoland, remaining there nine days. On June 23 the submarine slipped away from the island fortress and the trip which ended in Baltimore yesterday was begun.

"Before beginning our trip," said Capt. Koenig, we had several weeks of practice in our vessel in the Baltic sea so that the members of the crew might thoroughly familiarize themselves with her. We left Bremen without any ceremonies. Of course, that was necessary because the voyage was to be kept secret. Outside of the owners and the admiralty, no one knew where we were going except Mr. Fee, the American consul at Bremen, from whom it was necessary to obtain our bill of health. I am sure Mr. Fee kept the secret well.

"When we left Bremen we had 180 tons of fuel oil aboard and there now are 95 tons left in the tanks. We had 20 tons of water when we started and still have 10 left."

Capt. Koenig was asked to explain what devices the Deutschland had for finding her way under water and avoiding danger. "We had two," he said. "One is the microphone, the other a sounding apparatus. With the microphone you can hear submarine sounding bells six miles away and the propellers of ships still further. By the tone of the noise made by the screw of a vessel you can tell her

## SALONIKI FRONT ACTIVE

Gun Duel in Kilindir Region—French Airmen Raid Monastir.

Paris, July 10.—Artillery activity along the Macedonian front is reported in a Havas dispatch today from Saloniki. An artillery duel occurred yesterday along the French lines in the region of Kilindir.

## TO GIVE UP SOME CAMPS

Camp Governor Gates on List—Recruiting to Be by Regulars.

New York, July 8.—Mobilization camps in most of the 22 states of the department of the east will be discontinued, it was announced at divisional headquarters, Governor's island, as soon as the last National Guard organization called out by the President has departed for the border.

With the closing of the camps, recruits will be trained at army posts already designated, according to an order issued by Maj.-Gen. Leonard Wood.

It was found that the contemplated plan of maintaining the state camps for training recruits would enforce the absence of scores of regular army and National Guard officers from their border commands. Under the new plan the recruits will be trained by the regular army officers stationed at the posts.

Among the army posts designated are:—

Vermont—Fort Ethan Allen.

New York—Infantry recruits at Fort Hamilton, recruits from all other branches of the service at Fort Totten.

The plan may be put into actual operation in Massachusetts where the 2,900 recruits remaining in the state camp have been ordered to leave Monday to join their commands on the Mexican frontier. An order was issued requiring all recruits in New York state armories to move to Camp Whitman, where they will remain until the last organized unit leaves after which they will be transferred to the army posts.

## SIX MOOSE ARE NAMED

Roster of Republican Campaign Committee is Announced.

The roster of the campaign committee of the republican national committee is composed of the republican executive committee and progressives. It was announced at New York Monday. James B. Reynolds of Washington, D. C., has been named as secretary. Mr. Reynolds is also secretary of the national committee.

No announcement was made as to who will be chosen treasurer. Neither was a date set for a formal notification of Mr. Hughes of his nomination. It was learned, however, that the time probably will be the 31st and the place Carnegie hall, New York.

The members of the campaign committee are as follows: John T. Adams of Iowa, republican; Everett Colby of New Jersey, progressive; William H. Crocker of California, republican; F. W. Estabrook of New Hampshire, republican; James R. Garfield of Ohio, progressive; James A. Hemenway of Indiana, republican; A. T. Hert of Kentucky, republican; H. B. Howell of Nebraska, republican; Harold L. Iskes of Illinois, progressive; Alvah H. Martin of Virginia, republican; Herbert Parsons of New York, republican; George W. Perkins of New York, progressive; S. A. Perkins of Washington, republican; Chester H. Rowell of California, progressive; Oscar S. Straus of New York, progressive; Charles B. Warren of Michigan, republican and Ralph E. Williams of Oregon, republican.

## CALLS ON LEGISLATORS

Rutland Man Asks Them to Serve Without Pay at Special Session

Rutland, July 8.—Representative George E. Chalmers, of this city, who is a candidate for state senator at the coming election, has stirred a movement to have the Vermont legislators show their patriotism by serving without compensation if they are called together at a special session to vote pay to the National Guardsmen. He has sent out a letter to every member of the 1915 assembly with a reply card. He suggests that senators and representatives serve without expense to the state, except actual mileage allowance.

## CARGO ZEPPELIN COMING, TOO

So Says Amsterdam Telling of Germany's Latest Plan

Amsterdam, July 10.—There is a scheme on foot in Germany for the formation of a "Transatlantic Zeppelin Freight and Passenger Service." The first airship, one of the new type of super-zeppelins, will arrive at an American port some time in the middle of August if the plans materialize. Its name will be "Z-Deutschland," and it will carry a large cargo of dyes and chemicals, mails, and possibly some passengers.

A destroyer makes a loud hum; a cruiser's is lower.

"The sounding apparatus can be worked while we are running submerged and is let down through the bottom of the boat through a tube equipped with valves. In this submarine we can do everything under the surface that we can do on it. We can drop anchor while submerged; cruise below the surface four days if necessary or lie still on the bottom until our food and water gives out. And you can believe me that we can carry a large quantity of both."

## SEEK BULGARIA'S AID IN WEST AND SOUTH

Emperors William and Francis Joseph Send Delegations to Sofia

## RUSSIANS CROSSING STOKHOLM

Advance Hindered by Austro-Germans Who Have Burned Many Bridges.

Rome, July 11.—Emperors William and Francis Joseph have made urgent requests to King Ferdinand to send Bulgarian troops to the Galicia and Trentino fronts to assist in checking the advances of the Russian and Italian armies.

According to advices received here the diplomatic representatives of Germany and Austria arrived with the request at Sofia on Sunday. King Ferdinand is reported to have stated that he would refer the request to the general staff of his army.

Petrograd, July 10.—The Russian forces advancing in Volynia toward Kovol are crossing the River Stokhol at various points, closely pressing the Teutonic forces opposing them, today's War Office statement says.

The passage of the river is being accomplished under serious difficulties. The official communication says that the crossings have in most cases been destroyed by the Germans and Austrians.

The Russians attempted to push forward at the various places where they have obtained a foothold on the western bank. Great credit is given in the official statement issued by the Russian War Office today to Col. Kautseroff, commander of the Pavlograd regiment. When the Russian forces had reached the east bank of the river near the town of Ugli the Austro-German force retreated across the river setting fire to the bridge.

The Russian commander dashed forward over the flaming bridge at the head of his advance guard, despite the withering fire directed against him by the Austrian artillery and infantry on the west bank of the river. His daring won a foothold for the Russians on the bank nearest to Kovol.

Fierce fighting took place in the region of the villages of Stibiki, Staryi Mossor and Novry Mossor, which are on the west bank of the river. Many German prisoners were taken there.

The Russians report that in the sector west of Lutsk, a German surprise attack was broken up by Gen. Kalendines' forces. Between July 4 and July 8 the Russian forces in Volynia captured 341 officers, 9,145 unarmored soldiers, 10 pieces of artillery, 48 machine guns, 16 bombthrowers and 7,350 rifles, besides engineering material, gun limbers, etc. This is in addition to the prisoners and booty mentioned in the statement of July 8, which announced the capture of 300 officers, 12,000 men and 45 pieces of artillery.

The Russian statement refers briefly to particularly intense fighting on both banks of the Dniester, on the right flank of Gen. von Bothmer's army.

## MAKES APPEAL FOR POLAND

State Department Urges Warning Nations to Co-operate.

Washington, July 10.—Steps have been taken by the United States to end the obstacles encountered by the principal European belligerents in the matter of arranging for the shipment of relief supplies into Poland. Acting Secretary Polk of the State Department today made public a cablegram sent on July 7 to the American Ambassadors at London, Paris, Petrograd, Berlin and Vienna. It is hoped that as a result of the appeal the interested belligerent powers will make mutual concessions, so as to make it possible to negotiate a modus vivendi under which relief can be given to the suffering inhabitants of Poland.

"The United States, in the name and interests of humanity, now appeals to all the belligerent countries to consider whether it is not possible for the powers on each side to make such mutual concessions in the terms proposed by them for the regulation of shipments of relief supplies into Poland as will make it possible for an agreement to be reached under which relief can be given to the suffering inhabitants of Poland," says the cablegram.

## KAISER'S PHYSICIAN DIES

Dr. Frederick von Iberg Had Special Care of Emperor's Throat.

London, July 10.—An Amsterdam despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that Dr. Frederick W. K. von Iberg died in Berlin Sunday. Dr. von Iberg had the special care of the throat affection from which the German Emperor has suffered for many years, and was the Emperor's most intimate friends.

## HUNDREDS FINED FOR VIOLATING HEALTH RULES

Vigorous Measures in New York to Check Paralysis Epidemic

## CASES NOW NUMBER 1083

Fewer Deaths Reported But Authorities Not Ready to Announce Any Real Progress

New York, July 11.—The campaign of cleanliness by all city departments to wipe out the epidemic of infantile paralysis was continued yesterday with increased vigor. Hundreds of persons were brought to court and fined for disregarding health department instructions, particularly in territories where the epidemic is most pronounced.

There were fewer deaths in the 24 hours ending at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, only 14 being reported. The number of new cases in the 24 hours' period, however, increased to 103. Thus far the epidemic has caused 238 deaths, and the number infected is 1083.

The co-operative work of government health experts, city officials, several of the most noted physicians of the country, the railroads and motion picture theatre proprietors has increased the general confidence that the epidemic soon will be checked. The national American woman suffrage association yesterday placed its entire organization machinery at the disposal of the federal government. The services of thousands of organized women throughout the country have been proffered to Surgeon-General Blue of the United States public health service.

The Pennsylvania railroad issued orders that its cars operating in and out of New York city be thoroughly fumigated every day. This will be continued until the epidemic is checked or danger of contagion has passed.

The public service commission took steps to have all rapid transit construction work kept in the most sanitary condition while the epidemic lasts. In instances where subway excavations have been used as garbage dumps by persons living along the line, the contractors have been ordered to notify the police and have the offenders arrested.

"We have 1200 beds available in hospitals," Commissioner Emerson said last night. "I don't expect to have to call on Ellis island for help."

Commissioner Emerson said he hoped the fight against the plague soon will bear fruit. "I will not be able to say that the epidemic is under control," he said, "until there is a consistent decrease shown over a week's period. We are reaching the cases rapidly, making quick and proper diagnoses and are handling our isolations as well as possible. But this does not mean that the epidemic will be over in a week or several weeks."

The city authorities, the commissioner said, were aiding in the work of preventing the spread of the epidemic. The street cleaning department, he said, has 6000 men at work, a much larger number than usually employed, and the police department was making a special investigation of moving picture houses and a number of them had been closed.

## DENNEHY DIES OF WOUNDS

Succumbs Following Attack By Two Italians 10 Days Ago.

Montpellier, July 10.—An autopsy on the body of John Dennehy, the Haverhill, Mass., young man, whose death occurred this morning at Heaton hospital following a shooting affray at Montpellier Junction 10 days ago, was performed this afternoon at the Volholm undertaking rooms by Dr. B. M. Stone of Burlington. The young man was shot, presumably by two Italian section men, at the Junction the evening of June 29. The authorities have been unable to find the two men since the shooting. Dennehy's condition was critical from the time he was shot, a bullet lodging in his intestines and the physicians held out no hope whatever.

## RETURNS \$140, GETS A NICKEL

Morris Dimmock of Brandon Rewarded for His Honesty

Brandon, July 8.—Morris Dimmock, a young son of John Dimmock of Grove street, while delivering the Rutland Herald Saturday morning, found a bag containing \$140 in bills. Very soon after he picked it up he met a man who asked the boy if he had found any money. On being informed that he had the man described the bag and the amount of money, and it was returned.

The man would not give his name, but said that he was from Proctor, and gave the boy the magnificent sum of five cents for his honesty. The boy does not blame the individual for not giving his name.